



Department of Defense - Department of State



AREAS OF RESPONSIBILITY

Every 2 years the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff is required by law to review the missions, responsibilities, and geographical boundaries of each combatant command in the U.S. military and recommend to the President, through the Secretary of Defense, any changes that may be necessary. The review process includes combatant commanders, Service chiefs, and Department of Defense (DOD) leadership.

DOD Unified Command Plan 2008 is a key strategic document that established the missions, responsibilities, and geographic areas of responsibility (AOR) for commanders of combatant commands. It was signed December 17, 2008, by President George W. Bush.

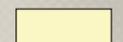
The mission of the State Department Regional Bureaus is to implement U.S. foreign policy and diplomatic relations and to manage and promote U.S. interests in their respective regions.

Each DOD geographic command's area encompasses all areas within designated borders. State Department Regional Bureau areas of responsibility include land areas within DOD AORs and overlap multiple DOD AORs. See color key:

Department of Defense Geographic Commands

-  U.S. Northern Command (USNORTHCOM)
-  U.S. Southern Command (USSOUTHCOM)
-  U.S. European Command (USEUCOM)
-  U.S. Africa Command (USAFRICOM)
-  U.S. Central Command (USCENTCOM)
-  U.S. Pacific Command (USPACOM)

Department of State Regional Bureaus

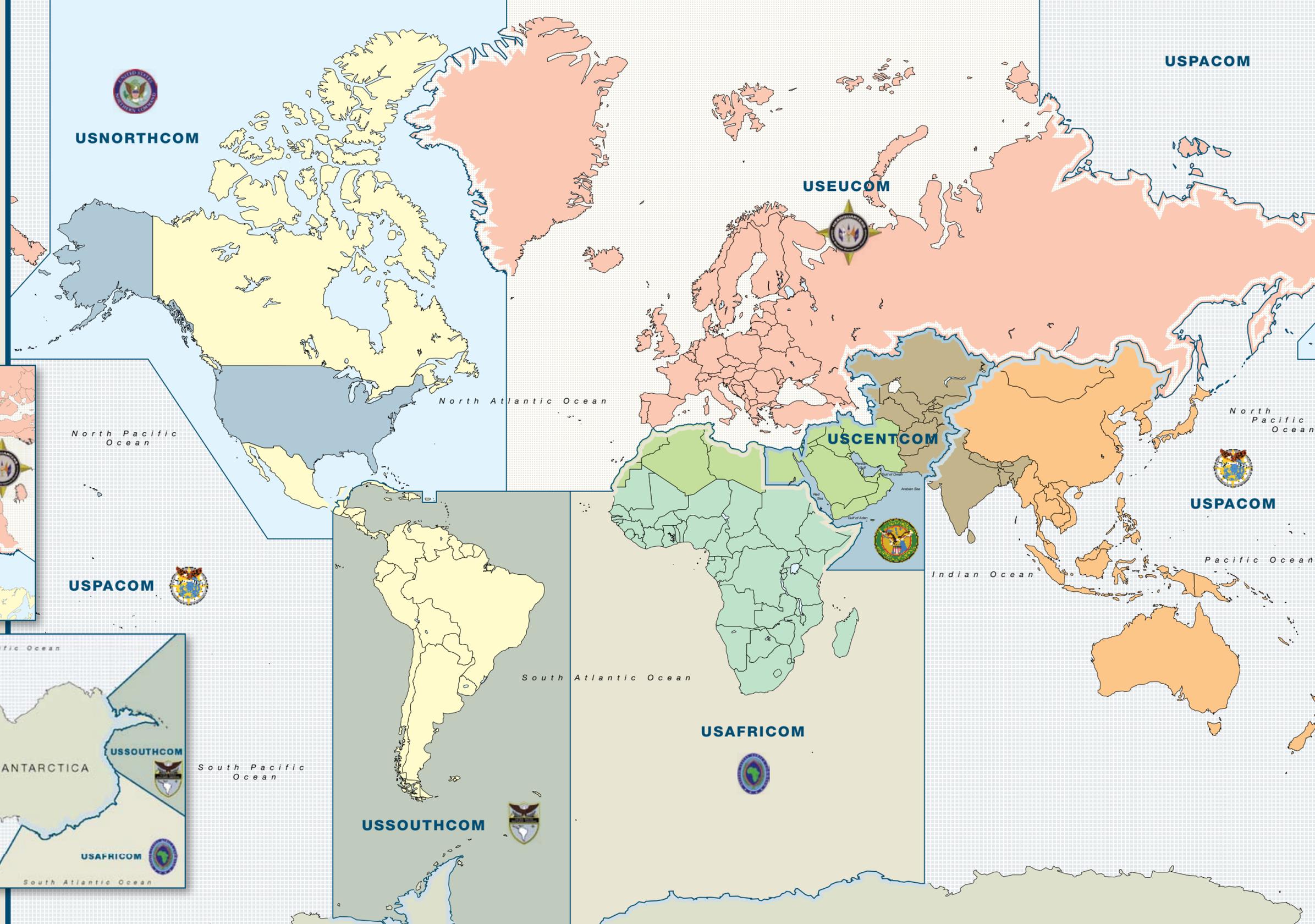
-  Bureau of Western Hemisphere Affairs
-  Bureau of European and Eurasian Affairs
-  Bureau of African Affairs
-  Bureau of Near Eastern Affairs
-  Bureau of South and Central Asian Affairs
-  Bureau of East Asian and Pacific Affairs

Supplement to
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AMERICA'S SECURITY ROLE IN A CHANGING WORLD



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DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Geographic Combatant Commands:



U.S. Africa Command

Algeria, Angola, Benin, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Comoros, Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Democratic Republic of Congo, Djibouti, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gabon, The Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Mauritius, Morocco, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Rwanda, São Tomé and Príncipe, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Somalia, South Africa, Sudan, Swaziland, Tanzania, Togo, Tunisia, Uganda, Zambia, Zimbabwe



U.S. Central Command

Afghanistan, Bahrain, Egypt, Iran, Iraq, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lebanon, Oman, Pakistan, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Syria, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan, Yemen



U.S. European Command

Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Greece, Greenland, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Kosovo, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Macedonia, Malta, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Russia, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, Ukraine, United Kingdom

Areas of Interest

Kazakhstan – Kyrgyz Republic, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Uzbekistan



U.S. Northern Command

Canada, Mexico, United States



U.S. Southern Command

Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Barbados, Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, Cayman Islands, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominica, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, French Guiana, Grenada, Guatemala, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, St. Kitts and Nevis, St. Lucia, St. Vincent and the Grenadines, Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago, Uruguay, Venezuela



U.S. Pacific Command

Australia, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Brunei, Burma, Cambodia, China, Fiji, India, Indonesia, Japan, Kiribati, Laos, Malaysia, Maldives, Marshall Islands, Micronesia, Mongolia, Nauru, Nepal, New Zealand, North Korea, Palau, Papua New Guinea, Philippines, Samoa, Singapore, Solomon Islands, South Korea, Sri Lanka, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Tonga, Tuvalu, Vanuatu, Vietnam



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Countries separated into 6 Regional Bureaus:

Bureau of African Affairs

Angola, Benin, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Comoros, Democratic Republic of Congo, Republic of Congo, Cote d'Ivoire, Djibouti, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gabon, The Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Somalia, South Africa, Sudan, Swaziland, Tanzania, Togo, Uganda, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Bureau of East Asian and Pacific Affairs

Australia, Brunei, Burma, Cambodia, China, East Timor, Fiji, Indonesia, Japan, Kiribati, Laos, Malaysia, Marshall Islands, Micronesia, Mongolia, Nauru, New Zealand, North Korea, Palau, Papua New Guinea, Philippines, Samoa, Singapore, Solomon Islands, South Korea, Taiwan, Thailand, Tonga, Tuvalu, Vanuatu, Vietnam

Bureau of European and Eurasian Affairs

Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, European Union, Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Greece, Holy See, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Kosovo, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Macedonia, Malta, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Russia, San Marino, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, Ukraine, United Kingdom

Bureau of Near Eastern Affairs

Algeria, Bahrain, Egypt, Iran, Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Morocco, Oman, Palestinian Territories, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Syria, Tunisia, United Arab Emirates, Yemen

Bureau of South and Central Asian Affairs

Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Bhutan, India, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyz Republic, Maldives, Nepal, Pakistan, Sri Lanka, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Uzbekistan

Bureau of Western Hemisphere Affairs

Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Aruba, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Bermuda, Bolivia, Brazil, Canada, Cayman Islands, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominica, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Grenada, Guatemala, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico, Netherlands Antilles, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, St. Kitts and Nevis, St. Lucia, St. Vincent and the Grenadines, Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago, Uruguay, Venezuela



UNITED STATES AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Through its economic assistance programs, the Agency plays an active and critical role in the promotion of U.S. foreign policy interests. The investment this agency makes in developing countries has long-term benefits for America and the American people. Development now takes its place alongside defense and diplomacy as the three essential components of American foreign policy.

The Agency provides assistance in four regions of the world:

Sub-Saharan Africa

Angola, Benin, Burundi, Djibouti, Democratic Republic of Congo, Ethiopia, Eritrea, Ghana, Guinea, Kenya, Liberia, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Mozambique, Namibia, Nigeria, Rwanda, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Somalia, South Africa, Sudan, Tanzania, Uganda, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Asia

Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Burma, Cambodia, China, India, Indonesia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Laos, Mongolia, Nepal, Pakistan, Papua New Guinea, Philippines, Sri Lanka, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Turkmenistan, Uzbekistan, Vietnam

Europe and Eurasia

Albania, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia-Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Estonia, Georgia, Hungary, Ireland/Northern Ireland (UK), Kosovo, Latvia, Lithuania, Republic of Macedonia, Moldova, Montenegro, Poland, Romania, Russia, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Turkey, Ukraine

Latin America and the Caribbean

Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guatemala, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay

Middle East

Egypt, Iraq, Jordan, Lebanon, Morocco, West Bank/Gaza, Yemen



CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

The CIA is an independent agency responsible for providing national security intelligence to senior U.S. policymakers. The agency is separated into four basic components: the National Clandestine Service, the Directorate of Intelligence, the Directorate of Science and Technology, and the Directorate of Support. The Directorate of Intelligence includes 4 offices that concentrate on regional political and economic issues:

- ▶ Office of Near Eastern and South Asian Analysis provides analytic insights on critical issues in the Near East and South Asia region that frame opportunities and identify risks for U.S. policymakers.

- ▶ Office of Asian Pacific, Latin American, and African Analysis studies the political, economic, leadership, societal, and military developments in Asia, Latin America, and Sub-Saharan Africa.

- ▶ Office of Russian and European Analysis provides intelligence support on a large number of countries that have long been of crucial importance to the United States as allies or as adversaries and are likely to continue to occupy a key place in U.S. national security policy.

- ▶ Office of Iraq Analysis provides multidisciplinary intelligence analysis on Iraq to U.S. policymakers.



DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Office of Policy and International Affairs: primary responsibility for the Department of Energy's international energy activities includes international emergency management, national security, and international cooperation in science and technology. Its regions are listed below:

- ▶ Office of Russian and Eurasian Affairs: Designs, develops, coordinates, and implements U.S. foreign energy policy to 19 countries spanning Russia, Europe, the Caucasus, and Central Asia.

- ▶ Office of African and Middle Eastern Affairs: Regional responsibilities covering Africa and the Middle East and functional responsibilities for monitoring and analyzing world oil and gas markets. It manages the Department's bilateral and multilateral engagement with African and Middle Eastern countries.

- ▶ Office of European and Asian Affairs: The focal point within the Department for development, coordination, and implementation of U.S. energy policy objectives, both bilaterally with the countries of Europe and Asia and multilaterally through the International Energy Agency, the Asia Pacific Economic Cooperation forum, and other regional organizations.

- ▶ Office of American Affairs: Serves as the focal point within the Department for developing strategies to foster energy investment and trade that will improve energy security, strengthen economic competitiveness, enhance environmentally sensitive energy development, and encourage energy diversity initiatives in the Western Hemisphere.

- ▶ Energy Information Administration: The independent statistical agency within the U.S. Department of Energy. Its mission is to provide policy-independent data, forecasts, and analyses to promote sound policy making, efficient markets, and public understanding regarding energy and its interaction with the economy and the environment. Following is the list of countries arranged by region for statistics:

North America

Bermuda, Canada, Greenland, Mexico, Saint Pierre and Miquelon, United States

Central and South America

Antarctica, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Aruba, The Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, Cayman Islands, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominica, Ecuador, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Falkland Islands, French Guiana, Grenada, Guadeloupe, Guatemala, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Martinique, Montserrat, Netherlands, Antilles, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Puerto Rico, St. Kitts and Nevis, St. Lucia, St. Vincent/Grenadines, Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago, Turks and Caicos Islands, Uruguay, Venezuela, U.S. Virgin Islands, British Virgin Islands

Europe

Albania, Austria, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Croatia, Czech Republic, Denmark, Faroe Islands, Finland, France, Germany, Gibraltar, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Macedonia, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia and Montenegro, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, United Kingdom

Eurasia

Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Estonia, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Moldova, Russia, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, Uzbekistan

Middle East

Bahrain, Cyprus, Iran, Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Syria, United Arab Emirates, Yemen

Africa

Algeria, Angola, Benin, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Comoros, Congo (Brazzaville), Congo (Kinshasa), Cote d'Ivoire, Djibouti, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gabon, The Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Mauritius, Morocco, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Reunion, Rwanda, Saint Helena, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Somalia, South Africa, Sudan, Swaziland, Tanzania, Togo, Tunisia, Uganda, Western Sahara, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Asia and Oceania

Afghanistan, American Samoa, Australia, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Brunei, Burma, Cambodia, China, Cook Islands, East Timor, Fiji, French Polynesia, Guam, Hong Kong, India, Indonesia, Japan, Kiribati, North Korea, South Korea, Laos, Macau, Malaysia, Maldives, Mongolia, Nauru, Nepal, New Caledonia, New Zealand, Niue, Pakistan, Papua New Guinea, Philippines, Samoa, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Sri Lanka, Taiwan, Thailand, Tonga, U.S. Pacific Islands, Vanuatu, Vietnam, Wake Island

National Nuclear Security Administration

Responsible for the management and security of the nation's nuclear weapons, nuclear nonproliferation, and naval reactor programs. It also responds to nuclear and radiological emergencies in the United States and abroad. It has 3 offices with regional international responsibilities:

- ▶ Office of North and South American Threat Reduction
- ▶ Office of European and African Threat Reduction
- ▶ Office of Former Soviet Union and Asian Threat Reduction



ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Office of Regional and Bilateral Affairs: A division of the Office of International Affairs, provides policy and programmatic expertise for matters of environmental and geopolitical importance to the United States in other countries, with a special emphasis on priority countries and regions. It is the Agency's primary point of contact with government officials and environmental experts in priority countries and regions in the following geographic groups:

- ▶ North America
- ▶ Latin America
- ▶ Asia-Pacific
- ▶ Eurasia, Africa and the Middle East



DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Office of Global Health Affairs: Represents the Department to other governments, other Federal Departments and agencies, international organizations, and the private sector on international and refugee health issues. It is divided into the following regions:

- ▶ African Affairs
- ▶ Americas
- ▶ Asia and the Pacific
- ▶ Europe and Eurasia
- ▶ Middle East Affairs

Centers for Disease Control

Division of Global Public Health Capacity Development (DGPBCD) works to improve the health of the people of the United States and other nations by partnering with national and international organizations and foreign governments to build strong, transparent, sustained public health systems.



DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Office of International Affairs: advises and assists in the formulation and execution of U.S. international policy.

This includes the development of policies and guidance of the Department's activities in the areas of international monetary affairs, trade and investment policy, international debt strategy, and U.S. participation in international financial institutions. The Under Secretary coordinates U.S. economic policies with the finance ministers of other G-7 industrial nations and prepares the President for annual economic summits. The following offices are included:

- ▶ Asia (East Asia, South and Southeast Asia)
- ▶ Europe, Eurasia, and the Western Hemisphere
- ▶ Middle East and Africa